

Hydropower Projects

Opportunities to Meet PNG's Energy Demand

Sujan Ghimire, Tilak Bhattarai 11 December 2024









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Acknowledgement

- PNG Power Limited
- PNG Forest Products
- PNG Hydro Development Ltd. (Edevu HPP)
- Finschhafen DDA
- AG Energy Limited

SMEC

- One of the leading global engineering consulting firms in Infrastructure + Energy Sector
- Globally ranks among top 5 Consulting Firms in Hydropower Sector
- Strong presence in PNG since 1976
- Has been involved in almost all hydro project studies (at different levels) in PNG



Energy Demand





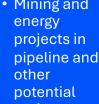
• Reliable, clean and cheaper energy for household, business and industries

- Resources and energy projects that are ready to kick off and starting extensions
- Energy transition



Future

From 12.5 % electrification



- Industries
- Electric Vehicles
- Export Oriented Hydrogen



ns?

Ready with Pla

Are We

- Mining and pipeline and projects
- SEZ's and

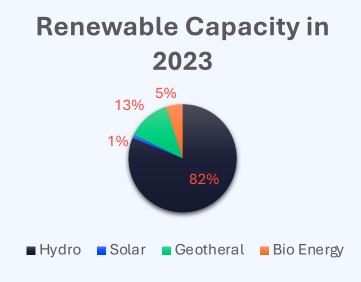
Generation



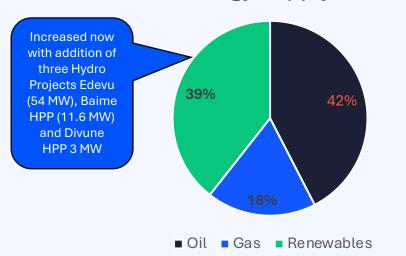
- Plan for Renewable Energy?
- Policies, incentives and funding model? model?



PNG's Electricity Generation-Status



Total Energy Supply in 2021



Source: IRENA Papua New Guinea_Oceania_RE_SP.pdf





You don't need to think twice to develop more hydro projects.
Look at me, I am serving for almost 90 years now.

Hey PNG,

I am getting old now. I need more offspring now. PNG needs electrified by clean green hydros like me. It's time to increase hydro by many folds.

Lower Baiune 3.5 MW in PNG has been running since 1935 (with a small break between 1942 and 1947).

Approx. 250 MW out of 330 MW hydro projects were built in the 90's. Let's explore the benefit they provided to make a decision to bring more hydros for future generations.



Ramu 1 (75 MW) commissioned in 1976

MTDP IV Targets 700 MW Hydropower by 2027



What if there were no hydro projects operating in PNG?

- If no hydropower plants were built in 1990s and we were to supply the same amount of energy from diesel plant – annual spending of approx.
 PGK 1.3-1.5 billion
- Or annual spending of PGK 2-2.5 billion if there were no new hydro projects added after 2010 in addition to the existing old hydros
- This equates to almost 10% of PNG's budget
- 0.75 1 million metric ton of additional CO₂ emissions per year.

Let's look for 2050 and be prepared for Sustainable Hydro Energy

Hydropower Potential

World Bank (1994 study) estimates

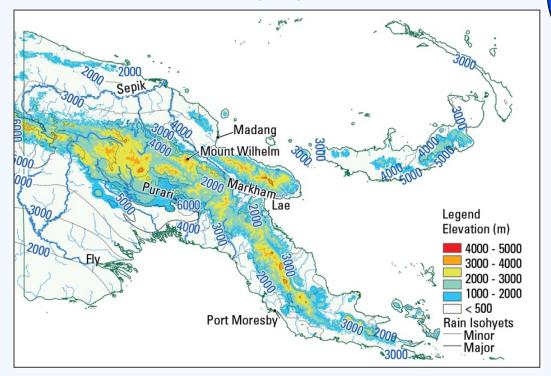
- Gross potential 20,000 MW of large-scale hydro (excluding micro, mini rural hydros)
- Technically feasible 14,000 MW
- PNG has one of the highest hydropower potential per person in the world

REALITY

- Total hydro generation to date is <2% of hydro potential
- However, it represents 39% of the total installed capacity.
- Substantial contribution of hydro in the overall generation mix
- BUT one of the lowest per capita energy consumptions in the world – 450kWh (PNG) which is 20 times lower than Australia (9300kWh)



Power = Flow × Head (fall) × Coefficients



Please
utilise us to
generate
more clean
energy to
boost PNG
economy



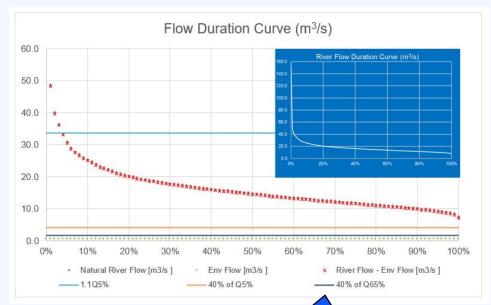
Somewhere in Eastern Highland



Burum River, Finschhafen, Morobe

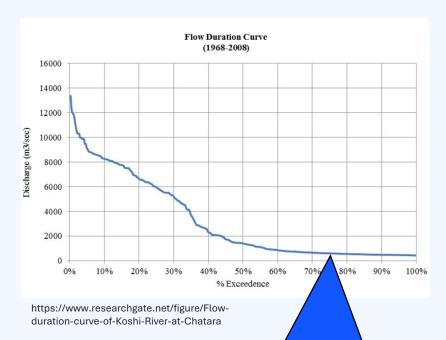
Images: SMEC





Burum II Hydropower Project Finschhafen, Morobe

<u>PNG:</u> River Base Flow in PNG is far better because of Tropical Monsoon climate. Best for Hydro Projects (Nature's blessing)



Nepal: although the base flow is less attractive when compared to PNG, 95% of Nepal's energy comes from hydro. Now exporting power to India and Bangladesh.



Why Transition from Non-Renewables to Hydropower?

- Cheaper, in-country resource, reduced financial burdens to government and private sectors.
- Mining and Energy Projects energy transition, global need to reduce carbon footprint
- Limit global warning to below 2 degree Celsius.
 PNG is one of the signatories of COP21 Paris
 Agreement
- SEZ's- Industrial products need to be competitive in the market. Hydropower can help reduce production costs

Energy Security is a Global Priority



PPL's Pauanda HPP Commissioned in 1983.



Hydropower stands at the TOP among other renewables in PNG!

- Require to explore all renewable energy options but hydro will still be the frontrunner in PNG
- Majority of PNG receives rainfall throughout the year

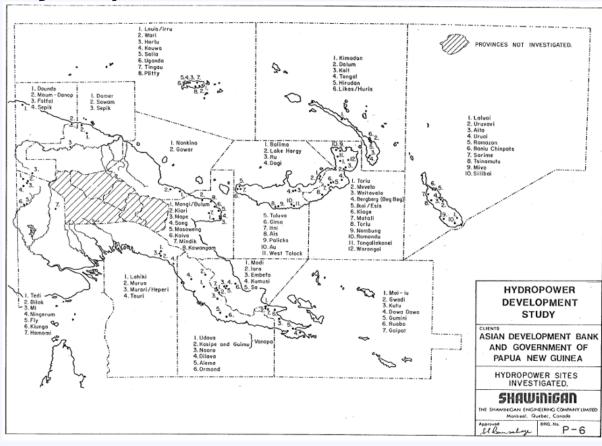


Solar	Relies on shining sun, intensity and duration (Capacity Factor around 15%)
Wind	Relies on wind velocity, direction and duration
Geothermal	Potential reserve, loan centers
LNG	Potential reserve, loan centers and alternative sale
Biomass	?
Ocean Energy	?
Hydropower	Scalable, dispatchable, abundant resources, wasted energy if not used, reliable, affordable and sustainable

Upper Baiune Hydro, PNGFP (around 90% Capacity Factor). 60%-90% CF in Hydro Projects studied by SMEC in PNG.



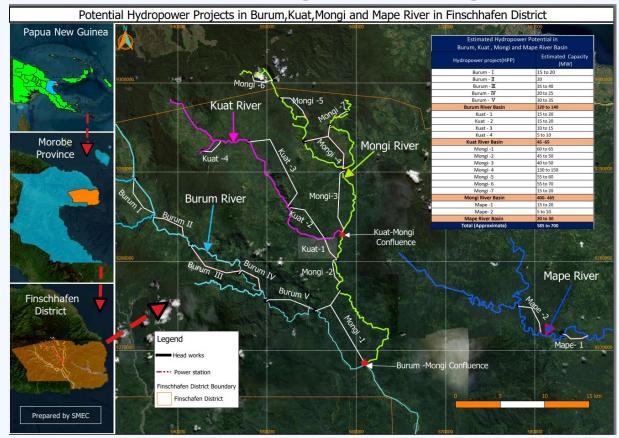
Hydropower Potential in PNG?



- 93 projects from 14 provinces mainly on coastal
- SMEC did another study in 1986
- PNG must start energy mapping of all river basins throughout the nation to assess Hydropower potential
 - SMEC has completed energy mapping of Finschhafen district (500-700 MW)
 - SMEC has identified 50+ projects in last 15 years from prefeasibility to feasibility level study.



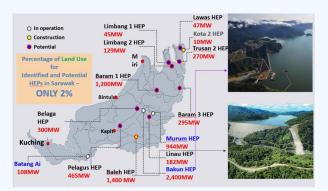
Finschhafen Energy Mapping



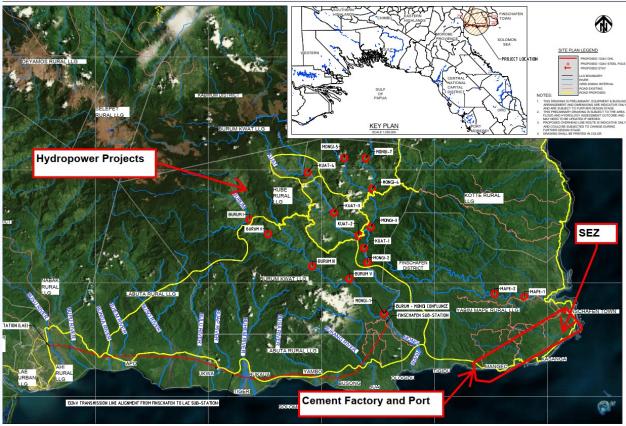
- 500 MW -700 MW Run of the River type Projects
- Projects less than 10 MW not considered
- Burum III and IV are now combined as a single project.
- Potential to supply to Lae to connect to Ramu Grid.
- This generation hub can meet supplies to Wafi Golpu and similar nearby mines.
- Power source for proposed SEZ's within the district and or industrial hydrogen generations



Mini Sarawak Model in PNG- Finschhafen?



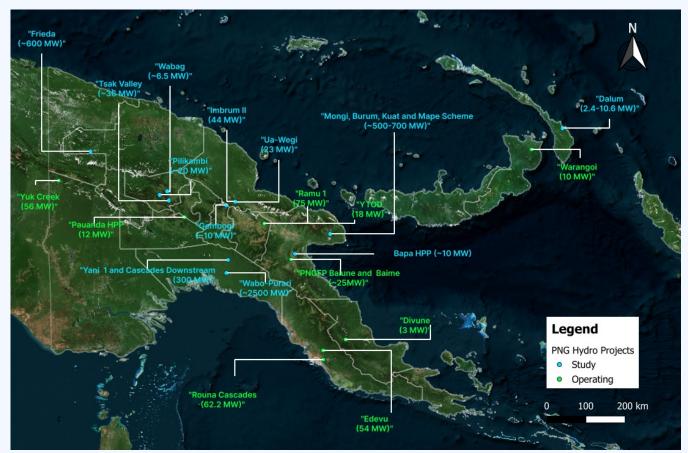






Hydropower Projects in PNG

(Known to SMEC from its involvement at various stages in the past and present)





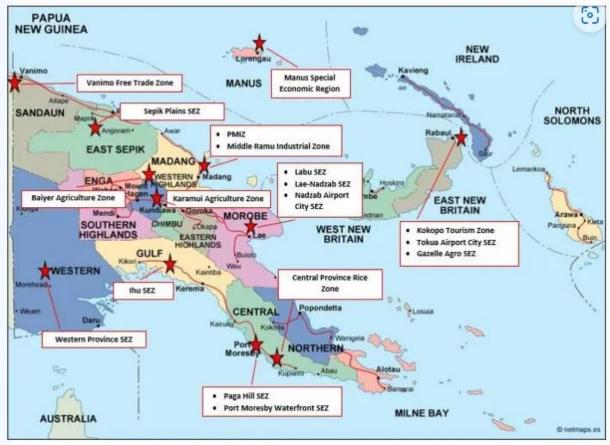
Major Load Center (Resources and Energy)



//PNG Business News, 2023



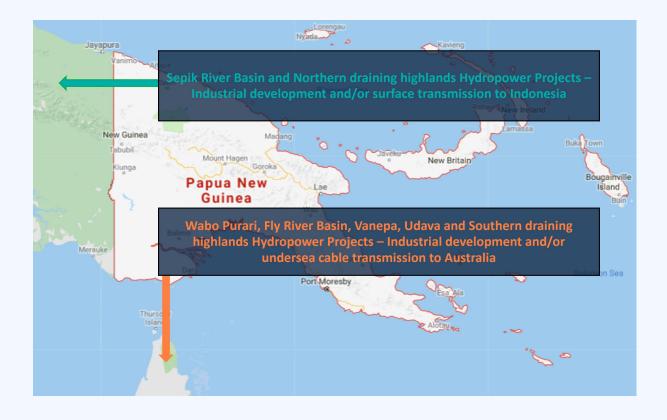
Demand of Proposed SEZ's



- 22+ SEZ's
- Power Demand?
- Power Source?
- Sustainable Power?
- Effect of Energy price on production cost?
- Market completive product



Long Term Plan for Hydro





Hydro Development - Policies and Funding Models

Policies:

Clear and Investment friendly Government Policies and Frameworks are required including the following:

- National Water Resources Act
- Benefit Sharing Act/Third Party Access
- Public Private Partnership (PPP) Act
- IPP Project Concession Period (tariff structure)

Incentives:

 Tax Exemption on construction products and Equipment for renewable energy

Funding Models:

- Equity (30% ??) + Loan (70% ??) Banks are welcoming the investment in renewables
- Pay back period- 5-8 years?
- FDI/ IPPs
- Government Budget
- Royalties from Energy and Resources projects



Conclusion

PNG – It's time for Hydropower Projects

Abundant Hydropower Resources

- Leverages PNG's mountainous terrain and vast hydrological potential
- Requires a comprehensive nation-wide energy mapping to locate potential hydropower sites and priorities project developments near the main load centres

Energy Demand

- Power consumption in PNG has been increasing by about 10%-15% (??) annually
- Supports population growth, industrialization, and urbanization.

Energy Security

Reduces reliance on costly and polluting fossil fuels.

Climate Change

- Hydropower is a renewable, non-polluting energy source
- Cuts carbon emissions and aligns with PNG's vision of a decarbonized power supply by 2050.

Socio-Economic Development

- Hydropower projects create employment opportunities during construction and operation and Improves rural infrastructures such as roads, schools and health facilities.
- Provides electricity access to remote communities, improving living standards.
- Positions PNG as a regional energy exporter.

Cleaner Future

Facilitates a transition to sustainable, inclusive energy systems, supports green hydrogen generation



SMEC's Efforts to Develop PNG's Hydropower













